

The Daily Gazetteer.

FRIDAY, JUNE 25. 1736.

N^o 311.

LETTER II. From the Sugar Planters.

S I R,



S we are resolved, through the Course of these Letters, to preserve a strict Regard to Truth, and not endeavour to promote any one thing for the Benefit of the Sugar Colonies, that is not for the Advantage of the whole Community, whereof they are Members: In a Word, as we desire to maintain the Character of True Britons and Good Christians,

we say, 'When the Interest of these Colonies seems to interfere with that of others: Be the Decision thereof humbly submitted to the Wisdom of the Supreme Legislative Power of these Kingdoms.' We request only, that we may have done for us, what we should think ought to be done for those Colonies, were they in our Situation, and we in theirs. Let the lasting and solid Interest of Great Britain, our Mother Country and Protectress, in all Cases, finally prevail.

We expect no better than Neighbour's Fare at the utmost; at present we do not hope so much. — Our real Worth; our Benefits to our native Home; our imminent Danger, the Success of our Rivals (which even already are thought Victors) we desire may be heard. — That's all!

The British Sugar Colonies are in a deplorable Condition, and must be so, 'till their Case be fairly represented and rightly understood; — and this is a Service for the Publick, which we undertake to perform.

THE President's Speech to the General Assembly of the Island of Jamaica has been published in your Paper of the 7th Instant, to which we refer our Readers for particular Information; and we here send you a Speech made by the President of Barbados on the 15th of March last, to the Gentlemen of the Council and General Assembly of that Island. We will send you, in a little while, a few Remarks and Observations on them, which we think may be of Use; at present we leave them to make their own Impressions, which we hope will not be inconsiderable. Afterwards, we shall lay open the whole State and Condition of the Sugar Trade in a clear and distinct Manner; so as every Member of Parliament may have as reasonable, and as satisfactory an Account of it, as might be expected from his Steward, on a Demand of the Circumstances of his own particular Concerns.

We will take all possible Care to be faithful and just in the Accounts we shall give; but should any Errors be found in our Facts or Computations, those that will please to discover them, shall have our hearty Acknowledgments, and they may do the Publick a very considerable Service thereby.

The Speech of the Hon. James Dotten, Esq; President of the Council of Barbados, on the 15th of March last.

Gentlemen of the Council, and of the Assembly,

I flatter myself, that my Conduct ever since the Government devolved upon me, will be thought, in a good Measure, to have signified my Intention and Views with Regard to the Publick; and that consequently there is the less Reason for my being very particular on this Occasion, tho' I would not, however, omit saying any thing that might confirm you in the good Opinion, I trust, you have already conceived of them, or of recommending what may be expedient in the present Juncture.

WHILE all are influenced by the same honest Principles, and aiming at the same worthy End, there can be no room for Misunderstandings, or any Occasion of Difference; and this gives me Reason to expect, that we may now be able to fall upon some Measures for the Service of our poor declining Country, which, without the utmost Caution and Prudence on our Parts, to second the favourable Assistance we may humbly hope from his most Sacred Majesty and his Parliament, must soon be so far reduced, as to make the Interest we have in it of very little Value, and indeed hardly worth our Care. Every one ought therefore to be inspired with a Resolution to join his most zealous Endeavours with the rest, in order to

promote the Good of the whole, as well by removing any old Obstacles that lie in the Way, as by proposing such new Steps as may be proper for the Prevention of further Evils; but it is to be remembered, all our Endeavours will be fruitless and vain, unless they correspond with Fundamentals, are grounded on moral Virtue, and attended with an inviolable Saving to Royal Rights, and a constant and equal Distribution of Justice, without which, general Experience has evinced, that the most flourishing Communities in other Respects, cannot long subsist, and wherein our own particular Observation may, I doubt not, on a little Reflection, fully confirm us.

Gentlemen of the Assembly,

THERE are several Matters that well deserve your Consideration, and some that, it were rather to be wished, the Situation of our Affairs and Circumstances would permit you to provide for, than to ask you immediately to do it, and which yet it seems incumbent on me to mention, lest I should be thought unmindful of what every one is sensible we want, and the Credit and Safety of the Island so manifestly require.

OUR Fortifications, 'tis certain, are in a very bad Condition, and, at present, little better than if we had none at all; but as they were lately under the Cognizance of the Legislature, and some Care has been already taken on that Head, tho' much more will, in due Time, be requisite, 'tis reasonable to expect we may speedily see the good Effects thereof; for tho' the Money arising on the Fund out of which the Charge of repairing must be defrayed, is first applicable to a prior Use; yet there will unquestionably be a considerable Surplus after that is satisfied: And since those who still remain in Arrear on account thereof, have been so long indulged, the Gentleman concerned in recovering the same (and to whom they ought to be thankful for such Indulgence) will, I am persuaded, for the publick Benefit, now find it needful to take the most expeditious Courses to attain the necessary End, as far as is consistent with Law, and the Duty of his Office. In the mean while, as there are other just Demands upon the Publick, which it may possibly be thought high Time should be satisfied, so I cannot help declaring it a thing much to be desired, that some further Provision was made for the Payment of the poor Montrosses, those especially who are constantly on Duty, and thereby obliged to neglect the ordinary Methods of gaining a competent Livelihood, and supporting their Families, whilst they attend the publick Service in the respective Forts and Batteries, and yet are destitute of Bread, and without so much as the comfortable Prospect of knowing when they shall receive it. Their Orders were formerly bought and sold at a considerable Discount; but now, I understand, they will scarcely yield any thing, tho' many of the Proprietors have little else to depend on for their Subsistence, which is not only a cruel Hardship on the poor Men, but a heavy Reproach likewise to the Country: I should be pleased therefore, if some effectual Method could be taken to prevent this; and perhaps if the Buyers of Orders were only to be paid so much as they actually give, with Interest thereon from the Time of purchasing them, a considerable Sum would be saved to the Publick, without injuring the Purchasers, if they can afford to let their Money be out on the best Security.

THE Want of a sufficient Currency of Cash is the Occasion of many and great Inconveniences, too obvious to need being particularized: It would be of vast Service therefore, if some Means could be devised for bringing more amongst us, or for preventing what does come, from being so easily carried off again. At present all Avenues almost for introducing Money, seem to be stopped up, and every Way left open for draining us of what little there is, while yet it will not perhaps be very easy to redress the Evil, tho' universally and hourly felt.

THE Frauds and Abuses that are constantly committed, in relation to Rum, a very valuable Part of our Produce, has been likewise often complained of, and are, I am inform'd, generally observ'd in the Northern Colonies to be peculiar to this Place, which is a great Dishonour as well as a Loss to the Inhabitants. It is indeed Matter of Wonder, that there has hitherto been no Remedy, when it is clearly in our own Power

to provide an effectual one, by establishing a certain Rule for gauging Casks and otherwise, as shall be deemed expedient; and I observe a Bill for this Purpose was brought into the Assembly; but as they had not, I suppose, Time enough fully to consider it, I could heartily wish it might be set about forthwith again, and that such as are best acquainted with the Affair, would employ their Thoughts on what must be so apparently useful to the Publick, for which all that can be done will be little enough, considering the growing Power of our foreign Rivals in Trade.

Gentlemen,

'Tis probable my Administration will be but short, as it is not unlikely that a Governor is already appointed, in which Case, you will, I doubt not, as soon as the Advices come to Hand, make suitable Provision, especially with respect to Pilgrim House, just falling to the Ground. All therefore I shall add is, that while I continue to possess the Station I have now the Honour to be in, I shall make it my Study to discharge the Duties of it, with a strict Regard to the King's Service, and the true Interest of his Majesty's Subjects here; and you may depend upon it there is nothing you can propose consistent herewith, but shall be cheerfully perform'd on my Part, as I shall at the same time rely on all becoming Returns on yours.

We are, S I R,

Your most humble Servants,

The Sugar Planters.

June 1736.

Yesterday arrived a Mail from France.

Cologne, June 15. O. S.

OUR Magistrates consulting, as much as possible, the Ease and Conveniency of the Inhabitants, as well as Travellers, have caused an Ordinance to be published, whereby any one is free to go in or out of the City after the Gates are shut, either on Foot or Horseback, or in a Coach, or any other sort of Carriage, till 9 at Night, from the Month of October to the End of March; and till 11 at Night during the other Months of the Year, paying only a small Duty to the Officer at the Gate. The common Carts and Waggoners are to have the same Privilege, with this Restriction, that the People and the Horses may go into the Town, but that the Carts, &c. are to remain between the two Gates; and all Coaches, Waggoners, &c. are liable to be searched, according to Custom, to prevent Frauds. 'Tis written from Vienna, that the Russian Ambassador has lately held several Conferences with the Imperial Ministers, concerning the War between her Czarian Majesty and the Ottoman Porte; and that a Courier was dispatched to Petersburg with the Result of those Conferences.

Paris, June 19. O. S. The Archbishop of Sens having been appointed by the King, Superior of the College of Navarre, in the room of Cardinal de Fleury, who resigned, was complimented on the 23d Instant on the Occasion, by the Doctors and Professors of that College.

M. de Plummont, third Son of the Chancellor, was received as Attorney General, in the room of M. Chauvelin, who is advanced to the Post of President a mortier.

The Bishop of Mirepoix, Preceptor to the Dauphin, and M. de la Chaussée, were, on the 14th Instant, admitted Members of the Royal Academy of Sciences, in the room of the President Portail, and M. Mallet, deceased.

Some Letters from Genoa tell us, that the Rebels had made themselves Masters of Alghojola, which however needs Confirmation; and that Bastia was in great Want of Provisions, especially Flesh Meat.

The 3d Column of the Troops of France is retiring into the Dutchy of Milan, in order to remain there till every thing is settled, which 'tis thought will take up so much Time that the Germans who are already grown pretty impatient, will probably be thrown into a State of Despair.



The Princess of Modena going last Week to pay a Visit to the young Dutchess of St. Maure, was seized with a Fit of Illness, which was occasioned by her Pregnancy, but being blooded, she grows every Day better. 'Tis written from Milan of the 8th, that nothing was decided in the Congress which was held at Casa de Soterlingo between Marshal de Noailles and the Imperial Generals, concerning the Evacuation of the Milaneze, because that Dutchy is not able to pay the 9 Millions of Livres which according to the Preliminaries are to be paid to France.

Charles Gaspar Dodon Marquis d'Herbault, Commander and Grand Treasurer of the King's Orders, and Lieutenant General in the Government of Orleans, died the 25th Instant in the 57th Year of his Age: He was Comptroller General of the Finances from April 1722, till June 1726.

Father Marcel General of the Barefooted Carmelites, accompanied by several Fryars of his Order, had the 23d Instant his publick Audience of the King, Queen, and the Dauphin, having been introduced by M. Verneulle, Master of the Ceremonies, who went with the King's Coaches to meet him.

L O N D O N.

Yesterday at a Court of Hustings William Rous, and Benjamin Rawling, Esqrs; were chosen Sheriffs of this City and County of Middlesex for the Year ensuing. Mr. Digges paid his Fine the Evening before; so that of all the Gentlemen nominated by Lord Mayors for that Office, there remains only Mr. Pike, who is at St. Helena, and therefore not eligible.

At the same time Daniel Lambert, Esq; Benjamin Hodges, Esq; Mr. Henry Holloway, and Mr. Thomas Sandford, were chosen Auditors of the City and Bridge-House Accounts.

On Wednesday last the Rev. Mr. James Brentham, Vicar of Stapleford in the County of Cambridge, was elected Minor Canon of the Cathedral Church of Ely, in the room of the Rev. Mr. Bringham, deceased.

The Lady Louisa Bludworth, Daughter to her Grace the Dutchess Dowager of Ancaster, is appointed one of the Ladies of the Bedchamber to her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales.

And we hear that the Lady of the Lord Archibald Hamilton, one of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, will be made Mistress of the Robes to her Royal Highness.

Yesterday the Lady of Thomas Hales, Esq; one of the Commissioners of the Board of Green Cloth, was safely delivered of a Daughter, at his House in Scotland Yard.

On Sunday Morning last the House of Nathaniel Blackerby, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Westminster, was broke open, and several Things of Value carried off.

On Monday next Colonel Armstrong, Surveyor General of the Ordnance, sets out, according to Custom, in order to view the several Garisons and Fortifications of this Kingdom.

Yesterday his Excellency the Baron de Sparr had an Audience of her Majesty, on an Express he received from Sweden; and we hear the Treaty concluded between his Britannick Majesty and the King of Sweden, will be speedily ratified at Stockholm.

On Sunday Morning next, the Subjects engaged by a Society of Gentlemen, will be, St. Peter, and his Voyage to Rome; an Oration on Herodias, and the Death of St. John Baptist. Then a Clergyman of a Congregation near the Oratory, may make good the Arguments in the Codex. An Oration in the Evening on divers Manners of getting a Kingdom, or Theodore and Kouli-Kan. A publick Disputation on the Nature of the Winds, with Respondent, Opponents, and Moderator. Any Person is free to justify any Argument on any past Question, in which he supposes he may confute.

Yesterday Bank Stock was 148 3-4ths. India 176 1-4th, Books shut. South Sea 99, Books shut. Old Annuity 112 1-8th to 1-4th. New ditto, 112 1-8th, for the Opening. Three per Cent. 104 5-8ths, Books shut. Emperor's Loan 117 1-4th. Royal Assurance 110, Books shut. London Assurance 14 3-8ths to 1-half. York Buildings 2. African 14. India Bonds 61. 15s. Prem. Three per Cent. ditto 51. 11s. Prem. South Sea Bonds 61. 4s. Prem. New Bank Circulation 71. 5s. Prem. Salt Talties 4 to 6 1-4th Prem. English Copper 21. 3s. Welsh ditto, no Price. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders 6 to 1-4th per Cent. Prem. Million Bank 115.

THE Managers and Directors of the Lottery appointed by an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, for building a Bridge across the River Thames from the New Palace Yard in the City of Westminster, to the opposite Shore in the County of Surry, do hereby give Notice, that they have, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act, appointed the Payments of the Contributors to the said Lottery to be made into the Bank of England, in the Proportions, and at the Times following, viz. Twenty Shillings on each Ticket to be paid at the Time of subscribing, for which Purpose Books will be opened the 30th of this Instant June, and continue so to the 2d of August following, unless the Subscription be completed before that Time; Forty Shillings more to be paid on each Ticket on or before the 10th of September next, and the remaining Forty Shillings on or before the 1st of November following.

Just Published, A COLLECTION of several TRACTS

of the Right Hon. EDWARD Earl of CLARENDON, Author of the History of the Rebellion and Civil Wars in ENGLAND, begun in the Year 1641, viz.

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III. A Discourse of the Reverence due to Antiquity.

IV. A Discourse against the Multiplying Controversies, by insisting upon Particulars not necessary to the Point in Debate.

N. B. None of these Pieces were ever printed before, and the Original Manuscripts in his Lordship's Hand-writing be may be seen at T. Woodward's.

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Now also is the Axe laid to the Root of the Tree; and every Tree that bringeth not forth good Fruit, shall be hewn down and cast into the Fire.

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This Masterpiece of religious Policy was published, many Years since, in Latin, French, and Dutch: Mr. John Schipper, a Bookseller at Amsterdam, bought one of them at Antwerp, among other Books, and afterwards reprinted it. The Jesuits, being informed that he had purchased this Book, demanded it back from him; but he had then sent it to Holland. One of the Society, who lived at Amsterdam, hearing it said, soon after, to a Catholic Bookseller, by Name Van Eyke, that Schipper was printing a Book which concerned the Jesuits, replied, that if it was only *The Rules of the Society*, he should not be under any Concern; but desired he would inform himself what it was. Being told by the Bookseller, that it was *The Secret Instructions of the Society*, the good Father, thrugging up his Shoulders, and knitting his Brow, said, that he saw no other Remedy but denying that this Piece came from the Society; The Reverend Fathers however thought it more advisable to purchase the whole Edition, which they soon after did, some few Copies excepted; from one of these it was afterwards reprinted, with this Account prefixed; which is there said to be taken from two Roman Catholics, Men of Credit.

X. A REPORT from the COMMITTEE appointed to inspect the Papers seized in the Houses or Lodgings of Mac Carthy, alias Rabah, a reputed Titular Popish Bishop; and Joseph Nayle, a reputed Popish Solicitor, both of the City of Cork. Together with an Appendix, containing all the ORIGINAL PAPERS referred to in this Report. Published by Order of the House of Commons of Ireland. Pr. 6d.

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Paris, Jan. 29, 1731.

Lancelotti.

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